

APS 330 INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORTING 30 June 2022

Public Disclosure requirements for all locally incorporated ADIs - QUARTERLY

This disclosure on capital and credit risk refers to South West Slopes Credit Union (SWSCU).

The information in this report is prepared quarterly based on the financial records. The financial records are not audited for the quarters ended 30 September, 31 December and 31 March.

There are no other legal entities that comprise a consolidated group.

Glossary of terms used in this guide is

- 'AT1' refers to Additional Tier 1 Capital
- The 'Basel II framework' refers to the document International Convergence of Capital Measurement and Capital Standards: A Revised Framework, Comprehensive Version, June 2006, published by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (the Basel Committee);
- 'Basel III' refers to the document Basel III: A global regulatory framework for more resilient banks and banking systems, revised version, June 2011 published by the Basel Committee;
- 'CET1' refers to Common Equity Tier 1 Capital;
- 'T1' refers to Tier 1 Capital; and
- 'T2' refers to Tier 2 Capital.

CAPITAL BASE 30 June 2022

Table A Capital Base elements

1. Tier 1 capital	
1.1 Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	
1.1.1 Paid-up ordinary share capital and other qualifying instruments	0
1.1.2 Retained earnings	22,860,272
1.1.3 Current year earnings	643,978
1.1.4.5 Property revaluation reserve	-
1.1.4.6 General reserve	-
1.1.4.7 Other reserve	140,977
2. Regulatory Adjustments to Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	
2.1 Deferred tax assets in excess of deferred tax liabilities	134,941
2.6 Capitalised expenses	361,461
2.6.4 Information technology software costs	361,461
2.6.6 Other capitalised expenses	0
2.7 Any other intangible assets not included above	0
2.15.1.1 Other ADIs or overseas equivalents, and their subsidiaries	419,585
2.15.1.2 Holding companies of ADIs and equivalent overseas entities	0
2.15.1.3 Insurers, including holding companies of insurers, or other financial institutions other than ADIs, authorised NOHCs or equivalent overseas entities	0
2.22 Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	22,729,240
3. Additional Tier 1 Capital	
3.1 Transitional Additional Tier 1 Capital as at reporting date	0
3.2 Additional Tier 1 Capital instruments	0
3.3 Regulatory Adjustments to Additional Tier 1 Capital	0
3.3.1 Capital investments in Additional Tier 1 instruments of ADIs or overseas equivalents and their subsidiaries, insurance companies and other financial institutions	0
3.3.2 Holdings of own Additional Tier 1 Capital instruments and any unused trading limit agreed with APRA	0
3.3.3 Adjustments to Additional Tier 1 Capital due to shortfall in Tier 2 Capital	0
3.3.4 Adjustments and exclusions to Additional Tier 1 Capital	0
3.4 Additional Tier 1 Capital	0
4. Tier 1 Capital	22,729,240

5. Tier 2 Capital	
5.2 Transitional Adjustments to Tier 2 Capital	
5.3 General reserve for credit losses	
5.3.1 Standardised approach (to a maximum of 1.25% of total credit RWA)	-
5.4 Regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 Capital	
5.5 Tier 2 Capital	-
6. Level 1 Total Capital	
	22,729,240

		Current quarter 30 Jun 2022	Previous quarter 31 Mar 2022
--	--	--	---

Table B Capital within the ADI

The elements of the regulatory capital as set out above are as follows,

CAPITAL INSTRUMENTS WITHIN THE ADI

The regulatory capital in the credit union comprises:

- Retained Earnings and
- General reserve for Credit Losses
- Capital Reserve Account
- Other Reserves
- Member Investment Shares

There are no other capital instruments (shares, debt instruments) issued by the ADI.

Member Investment Shares (MIS)

Member Investment shares are classified as equity. Costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown as a deduction from the equity proceeds, net of any income tax benefit. The MIS are transferable but are not listed on the Australian Securities Exchange or any other public stock exchange. MIS have no maturity date and investment shareholders have no right or option to demand their repayment. MIS are issued at a fully paid value of \$10.00 per share.

CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Capital requirements for SWSCU are determined by the risk weights of the relevant assets held, with the minimum required capital to be over 8% of risk weighted assets. The current level of capital as at 30 June 2022 is 18.31%.

The risk weighted assets for each asset grouping as set out in the table below is determined by APRA Prudential Standard APS 112. These are prescribed risk weights to measure the level of risk based on the nature and level of security supporting the assets recovery.

The risk weighted assets held as at the end of the quarter ended 30 June 2022 is described in Table 3.

APS 330 INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORTING 30 June 2022
Public Disclosure requirements for all locally incorporated ADIs - QUARTERLY

The capital held by SWSCU exceeds the policy and minimum capital prescribed by APRA Prudential standards. The excess may facilitate future growth for SWSCU.

The capital ratio is the amount of capital described in Table 3 divided by total risk weighted assets

Table 3: Capital Adequacy

	Risk Weighted Assets \$000's	
	30 June 2022	31 March 2022
(a) Capital requirements (in terms of risk-weighted assets) for credit risk (excluding securitisation) by portfolio;		
• Cash	0	0
• Liquid investments	43,032	42,248
• Loans - secured by residential mortgage	43,778	43,564
• Loans - other retail	17,592	18,464
• all other assets	1,351	1,149
Total credit risk on balance sheet	105,753	105,425
Total credit risk off balance sheet (commitments)	5,052	5,296
• Undrawn financial commitments (overdrafts, credit cards, line of credit, Loans approved not advanced, guarantees)	N/A	N/A
Capital requirements for securitisation		
(b) Capital requirements (in terms of risk-weighted assets) for equity exposures in the IRB approach (simple risk-weighted method).	N/A	N/A
(c) Capital requirements for market risk	-	-
(d) Capital requirements for operational risk	13,315	12,538
(e) Capital requirements (in terms of risk-weighted assets) for interest rate risk in the banking book (IRRBB) (IRB/AMA approved Australian-owned ADIs only).		
Total Risk Weighted Assets	124,120	123,259

	30 June 2022	31 March 2022
(f) Common Equity Tier	18.31%	18.27%
Tier 1	18.31%	18.27%
Total Capital	18.31%	18.27%

IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

CREDIT RISK — INVESTMENTS

Surplus cash not invested in loans to members are held in high quality liquid assets (HQLA)/Minimum Liquidity Holdings (MLH) or other investments according to SWSCU's Liquidity Policy. This includes the funds required to be held to meet withdrawal of deposits by members. SWSCU uses the ratings of reputable ratings agencies to assess the credit quality of all investment exposures, where applicable, using the credit quality assessment scale in APRA prudential Guidance in APS112. The credit quality assessment scale within this standard has been complied with. The table 4a below excludes equities and securitisation exposures. The exposure values associated with each credit quality step are as follows in Table 4a.

Table 4a: Credit Risk Investments

30 June 2022					
Investments with banks and other ADI's	Carrying value on Statement of Financial Position	Past due facilities	Impaired facilities	Specific Provision as at end of quarter	Increase in Specific Provision and write-offs
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cuscal	9,636	0	0	0	0
Banks — rated AA- and above Long Term	29,339	0	0	0	0
ADIs — rated AA- and below Long Term	30,977	0	0	0	0
Mutual Banks	32,315	0	0	0	0
Unrated institutions	15,480	0	0	0	0
Total	117,747	0	0	0	0

Table 4a: Credit Risk Investments (Continued)

31 March 2022					
Investments with banks and other ADI's	Carrying value on Statement of Financial Position	Past due facilities	Impaired facilities	Specific Provision as at end of quarter	Increase in Specific Provision and write-offs in quarter
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cuscal	7,644	0	0	0	0
Banks — rated AA- and above Long Term	29,878	0	0	0	0
ADIs — rated AA- and below Long Term	32,009	0	0	0	0
Mutual Banks	23,540	0	0	0	0
Unrated institutions	15,980	0	0	0	0
Total	109,051	0	0	0	0

CREDIT RISK— LOANS

Table 4 b: Credit Risk Loans

Credit Risk			
	Balance Sheet Value	Off Balance Sheet Commitments	Average balance Sheet (01 Apr – 30 Jun 2022)
(a) Total gross credit risk exposures, plus average gross exposure over the period, broken down by:	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's
Loans (major types of credit exposure)			
By Portfolio Household Mortgage Secured Loans	118,405	7,861	117,781
Household Other Loans	17,143	254	17,200
Commercial Term Loans	2,920	-	2,881
Overdrafts	233	2,379	215
Loan Redraw Facilities	-	15,986	-
Total	138,701	26,480	138,077

(b)	By Portfolio: Impaired, Past Due & Provisions	Total Portfolio Balance \$000's	Impaired Facilities \$000's	Past Due Facilities \$000's	Specific Provisions \$000's	Specific Provisions & Write Offs for Previous Quarter \$000's
Portfolio	Household Mortgage Secured Loans	118,405	-	-	-	-
	Household Other Loans & Overdrafts	17,376	92	59	134	-
	Commercial Term Loans	2,920	-	-	-	-
	Total	138,701	92	59	134	-
(c)	General Reserve for Credit Losses					-

Securitisation Exposures		
(a)	Summary of current period's securitisation activity, including the total amount of exposures securitized (by exposure type) and recognized gain or loss on sale by exposure type	N/A
(b)	Aggregate amount of:	
	• On-balance sheet securitisation exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure type; and	N/A
	• Off-balance sheet securitisation exposures broken down by exposure type.	N/A

GENERAL RESERVE FOR CREDIT LOSSES

This reserve is set aside to quantify the estimate for potential future losses in loans and investments.

In addition to the above provision for impairment, the Board has recognised the need to make an allocation from retained earnings to ensure there is adequate protection for members against the prospect that some members will experience loan repayment difficulties in the future, and the risk of loss on investments and other assets.

Table 4 c: The general reserve for credit losses

	30 June 2022	31 March 2022
	\$000's	\$000's
General reserve for credit losses	-	-

SECURITISATION ARRANGEMENTS

SWSCU does not currently have a formal agreement for securitisation arrangements

Table 18A

Remuneration	
(a)	The Remuneration Committee consists of 3 directors (Mr Adrian Hanrahan, Mr Allan Stuart and Mrs Elke Cleverdon) who are responsible for assessing any movements in remuneration levels and making recommendations to the Board on Board remuneration levels, for subsequent consideration by members. The Board has currently chosen to utilise the latest available “Non-Bank Financial Institutions – Remuneration Surveys” provided by McGuirk Management Consultants Pty Ltd as a basis for determining proposed Director and management remuneration levels. The Board however, retains the discretion to engage alternate and/or additional resources or consultants to research any potential market relativity movements. There are five Executive Staff (Senior Management) included as per the prudential standard including Chief Executive Officer (1), Chief Finance Officer (1), Chief Operations Officer (1), Chief Risk Officer (1) and Loans Manager (1). There are no material risk takers.
(b)	Objectives of the remuneration policy include ensuring that the Credit Union’s remuneration arrangements align with its circumstances and advance the Credit Union’s mission of serving its members, compliance with the Prudential Standard in relation to its remuneration arrangements and, in particular, that performance based components of remuneration and promote a responsible remuneration culture that enables the Credit Union to engage and retain suitable staff, while also encouraging positive performance and contributions from all employees. The Credit Union recognises the special position of its risk and financial control personnel in carrying out their functions; particularly, in implementing and monitoring the Credit Unions risk management system. In addition to the other requirements of this policy, the remuneration of risk and financial control personnel must not compromise the independence of these personnel in carrying out their functions.
(c)	<p>Risk mitigation - Currently No Performance Components Paid</p> <p>The Credit Union’s policy is to mitigate the risk that the remuneration of employees may conflict with the objectives of this policy by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • limiting the performance component of Senior Management’s (as detailed in part (a) above) remuneration to a maximum of 5% of their total remuneration cost (TRC) and all other individuals to 5% of their gross annual salary amount; • making the payment of any performance based component of remuneration entirely discretionary by the Credit Union; • not considering the payment of any discretionary remuneration until the end of the relevant financial year statements have been audited and accepted by the board; • reviewing all employment contracts against the objectives of this policy with a view to renegotiating them when next due to be renewed or extended.
(d)	Performance measures used during the measurement period include but not limited to Customer Satisfaction, Return on assets, Growth (Assets, Loans & Deposits), Delinquency, Liquidity, Capital Adequacy, and Profitability. Payment of any performance based component of remuneration is entirely discretionary by the Credit Union for institution-wide targets and individual performance separately and are only payable if targets have been achieved.
(e)	There is no deferral or vesting of variable remuneration
(f)	

	Cash based bonuses are the only form of variable remuneration that the credit union has paid in the past to a maximum of 5% of gross package, consistent across all employees.		
(g)	• Number of meetings held by the main body overseeing remuneration during the financial year and the remuneration paid to its members.	1 meeting. Remuneration committee directors receive no additional remuneration compared to directors who are not on remuneration committee	
(h)	• The number of persons having received a variable remuneration award during the financial year.		Nil
	• Number and total amount of guaranteed bonuses awarded during the financial year.		Nil
	• Number and total amount of sign-on awards made during the financial year.		Nil
	• Number and total amount of termination payments made during the financial year.		Nil
(i)	• Total amount of outstanding deferred remuneration, split into cash, shares and share-linked instruments and other forms.		Nil
	• Total amount of deferred remuneration paid out in the financial year.		Nil
(j)	• Breakdown of the amount of remuneration awards for the financial year in accordance with Table 18A below to show:		(\$,000)
	– fixed and variable;	Fixed	998
		Variable	\$ -
	– deferred and non-deferred; and	Deferred	Nil
		Non-Deferred	998
	– the different forms used (cash, shares and share-linked instruments and other forms).	Cash	998
		Motor Vehicle	17
(k)	Quantitative information about persons' exposure to implicit (e.g. fluctuations in the value of shares or performance units) and explicit adjustments (e.g. malus, clawbacks or similar reversals or downward revaluations of awards) of deferred remuneration and retained remuneration:		

	• Total amount of outstanding deferred remuneration and retained remuneration exposed to ex post explicit and/or implicit adjustments.		Nil
	• Total amount of reductions during the financial year due to ex pose explicit adjustments.		Nil
	• Total amount of reductions during the financial year due to ex post implicit adjustments.		Nil
Board of Directors			
		Unrestricted	Deferred
		(\$,000)	(\$,000)
Fixed remuneration			
	• Cash-based	131	N/A
	• Shares and share-linked instruments	N/A	N/A
	• Other	N/A	N/A
Variable remuneration			
	• Cash-based	N/A	N/A
	• Shares and share-linked instruments	N/A	N/A
	• Other	N/A	N/A
Employee Remuneration			
	• Cash-based	867	N/A
	• Shares and share-linked instruments	N/A	N/A
	• Other	17	N/A
Variable remuneration			
	• Cash-based	N/A	N/A
	• Shares and share-linked instruments	N/A	N/A
	• Other	N/A	N/A